ALLAMBIE COTTAGES, 1256-1258 BELL'S LINE OF ROAD, KURRAJONG HEIGHTS Sheet 0 - Introduction

The following sheets have been quickly prepared to summarise the issues regarding the Allambie Cottages in Kurrajong Heights in an effort (i) to conserve the environmental heritage of the Hawkesbury; (ii) to respond to the community's attachment and appreciation of the Kurrajong Heights and the contribution that Allambie makes to that precinct; and (iii) to address the longer-term potential needs of TfNSW.

These pages include the following:

Sheets 1 – Implications of Care and Maintenance

Regular maintenance is essential for all buildings, particularly historic buildings and especially unoccupied timber buildings. The relatively straightforward issue of lack of stormwater management can rapidly impact on a building's condition. There are statutory obligations for private and public heritage property owners to ensure that, in the best interests of heritage buildings, *'minimum standards of maintenance and repair'* are carried out at these significant places in NSW. A stich in time. These sheets illustrate these points.

Sheets 2a – Authoritative Assessments

Heritage assessments of Allambie Cottages were carried out for the Department of Planning in 1983 and 1987 for Hawkesbury Council by well-experienced heritage practitioners who are leaders in their field. This sheet illustrates the authoritative nature of those assessments.

Sheets 2b – Points of Agreement - Overview

These sheets expand on the heritage listings, statutory obligations and opportunity to retain the cottages and still satisfy TfNSW's longer-term infrastructure needs, if found to be necessary.

Sheet 3 – Possible Next Steps

This sheet outlines a possible resolution relying on a working relationship partnered with Hawkesbury City Council, TfNSW and the local Community, all of whom have an interest in arriving at a satisfactory outcome as key stakeholders.

Christo Aitken +Associates Conservation Architect



NSW Architects Registration Board 5923 Member Australian Institute of Architects Member Autonal Trust of Australia (NSW) Member Australia ICOMOS NSW Heritage Branch Heritage Adviser NSW State and Local Awards for Excellence

ABN 76 046 483 933

ALLAMBIE COTTAGES, KURRAJONG HEIGHTS Sheet 1 - Implications of Maintenance & Care

Key Dates	Illustrations, Notes and Detail	Activation, Occupation and Uses	Care & Maintenance Apparent
1925-1926 Period of articles in Windsor and Richmond Gazette regarding Proposal to build 3 cottages	"Messrs J. J. Paine and Co., solicitors, Windsor submitted a plan of subdivision at Kurrajong Heights, on behalf of Mr. F. C. Peck. When approved Mr. Peck intends to build three cottages on the land"	In May 1926, the "ATTRACTIVE, MODERN COTTAGES of five rooms and modern conveniences" were advertised for rent by H.E. Peck and Sons.	Yes √
1930 Likely build date of link. Period during which three cottages advertised for rent. H.E. Peck and Sons advertised a partly furnished guest house, suitable for up to 36 guests for rent	Exerpt from SHM November 2 1932	Guest House proprietor Mrs Myers Up to 36 paying guests with modern conveniences	Yes √
1949 Period during which the property was old by the Peck family to Artur Percival Freeman in 1945		Guest House operated by Mary-Jean Chapman	Yes √
1950	3225 ALLAMBIE GUEST MOUR	Continued use as a popular Guest House operated by Mary-Jean Chapman. Comparative view of Cottage 3 in 1957 occupied, maintained and continued uses	Yes √
1954 Period during which Amena Murray worked at Allambie and documented her life at the guest house	Exerpt from SMH April 5 1954 "Allambie Guest House, 1 st -Class meals, bright airy rooms, hot water, Refridg. Sewered, Unrivalled position"	Continued use as a popular Guest House "At the time Allambie was a fully functioning guesthouse, and very popular. Built in the 1930's by the previous owners, the Peck family, Allambie had 80 rooms and was always full of life, playing home to people from all areas and walks of life" (source : peezi.com "Life of Amena Murray")	Yes √
1977 Establishment of the NSW Heritage Act 1977	Responsibilities of State Agencies under the Heritage Act included Section 170 obligations guiding "its care, control or management are maintained with due diligence in accordance with State Owned Heritage Management Principles" (Heritage Act S170, and 170A)	Used as a private residence by the Gorham family	Yes √
1960 - 1981 Final period prior to RTA ownership		Used as a private residence	Yes √

Key Dates	Illustrations, Notes and Detail	Activation, Occupation and Uses	Care & Maintenance Apparent
1984 Period of compulsory acquisition by Department of Motor Transport 1986 Period of Hawkesbury Heritage Study and recommendation for listing. No objections lodged by Department. 1992 Subsequent Gazettal of "Allambie" and listing in Schedule		Cottages 1 and 2 tenancies gradually terminated. Date of last tenancy of cottages 1 and 2 in xxxx??Cottage 3 on Douglass Street sold in xxxx?? By RTA and continues use as a private residence. Period of change of ownership from private to public	Partial by tenants √
5 of the HLEP 1999 Minister for Urban Affairs & Planning releases the Heritage Amendment Regulation 1999 to address <i>"Minimum</i> <i>Standards of</i> <i>Maintenance and</i> <i>Repair"</i> .	The Regulation (updated 2012) imposes the following: Condition inspections Weather Protection Fire protection Additional fire protection for unoccupied buildings Security Additional security measures for unoccupied buildings Essential maintenance and repair Conservation management plans This applies to private owners, local Councils and NSW State agencies and other organisations. https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/topics/heritt age/manage-heritage-items/minimum-standards-maintenance-repair-for-heritage-items	Cottages #1 and #2 continue unoccupied, and neglected	No X
2004 Minister for Infrastructure & Planning releases detailed guidelines for State Agencies to comply with the obligations of the NSW Heritage Act 1977	Foreward to the principles and guidelines "NSW Govewrnment agencies have a key responsibility to lead by example by adopting best practice heritage management strategies, processes and practicesthe community expects the public sector to set the standard in the management of heritage assetrs as a model for the private sector" (Infrastructure & Planning) https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/research- and-publications/publications-search/state- agency-heritage-guide	Cottages #1 and #2 continue unoccupied, and neglected	No X
2006 - 2007 Period of RTA 1 st Demolition Proposal and first letter from Heritage NSW regarding neglect of care and maintenance. DA0956/06 was not supported by Council referred to DPE for determination.	Extract from NSW Heritage Council regarding RTA proposed demolition: "therefore recommends the application be refused for the following reasons (i) the cottages contribution to the character of Kurrajong Heights and their relationship with other historic buildings on Bells Line of Road (ii) to heritage assessments prepared (Howard and CCG) fail to adequately recognise this value and consequently underestimate the impact of their demolition	Cottages #1 and #2 continue unoccupied, and neglected Comparative view of Cottage #3 in 2007 which has been continuously occupied and maintained.	No X

Key Dates	Illustrations, Notes and Detail	Activation, Occupation and Uses	Care & Maintenance Apparent
	and (iii) the cost of repairing and restoring the cottages should not be included in the costas their condition results from neglect by the current owner and should be viewed as a separate issue" (ref NSW Heritage Office, Manager correspondence 8/02/2007)		Apparent
2011 Period of informal follow up proposal from RTA to demolish Allambie.	Response from Heritage Council "the demolition of any heritage listed property will materially affect identified heritage significance within the locality. The heritage significance of the Allambie Cottages (group) has been identified in a local instrument and the lack of detail related to a listing does not in itself indicate a lower grade of significance. The degraded state of any heritage building or place does nor eradicate the contribution those buildings or places have made in their history of that particular locality. This concept is fundamental to heritage conservation practice. It is understood that the road widening is not being proposed at this stagegiven this there appears to be an opportunity to explore options to reduce the impacts on the heritage significance further by revising any proposed alignment and considering options for retention and adaptive re-use of the dwellingswhich may allow all stakeholders objectives to be met" (ref Heritage NSW correspondence	Cottages #1 and #2 continue unoccupied, and neglected 2 nd Correspondence from Heritage NSW following a further period of 5 years inaction regarding Allambie recommends alternative options are not explored by TfNSW.	No X
2016 Period of further consultants reports		Cottages #1 and #2 continue unoccupied, and neglected	No X
2022 DA0956/06 still undetermined by Department of Planning & Environment. In view of the extended delay in determination DA TfNSW asked to withdraw the 2006 DA and submit a new Application.	Extended neglect of relatively straightforward and essential rainwater management is clearly illustrated in the 2022 images taken by TfNSW consultants. The maintenance of this single issue would have substantially reduced the current 'catch-up' repairs necessary referred to in the Heritage NSW 2006 advice to TfNSW.Image: the state of t	Cottages #1 and #2 continue unoccupied, and neglected. Comparative view of Cottage #3 adjacent in 2023 which has been continuously occupied and maintained <u>https://www.realestate.com.au/property/11- douglas-rd-kurrajong-heights-nsw-2758/</u> for detailed views of the condition and potential future presentation of 'Allambie'	No X

ALLAMBIE COTTAGES, KURRAJONG HEIGHTS Sheet 2a - Points of Agreement - Significance

Date	Details	Authoritative
Date	Detans	Authoritative
1983-84	Heritage Study of the North Western Sector of Sydney.	Yes √
	"a substantial 1920s timber guest house essential to the character of this	
Assessment by	mountain precinct". Howard Tanner & Associates	
NSW Department		
of Planning NSW	Howard Tanner OA:	
	• Well-respected Sydney architect, former chair of the NSW Heritage Council.	
	 Order of Australia for his significant service to architecture and to heritage conservation 	
	• Established the University of Sydney's conservation courses	
	• Past President of the Royal Institute. Life Member.	
	Founding member Venice Biennale Committee	
	• Extensive involvement in architecture, education and notable	
	public works	
1987	Heritage Study of the Shire of Hawkesbury	Yes √
Assessment by		
Lester Tropman	Helen Proudfoot, Historian and Planner:	
Helen Proudfoot	• A pioneer of the study of the natural and built environment and a	
Meredith Walker	founder of the Australian historic building preservation movement	
	 Among the first female town planners in Sydney assisted the Cumberland Planning Scheme 	
	 Prepared the first heritage studies for State Government for 	
	Parramatta, Windsor, Richmond, Campbelltown, Liverpool and	
	Central Sydney	
	• Many publications including those for the State Planning Authority	
	of NSW and remain important reference sources for students of	
	Australian planning and heritage	
	• Her master's thesis on the preservation movement in Australia in	
	town and country planning	
	• Seminal work on the five Macquarie towns of western Sydney and	
	their historic buildings, Exploring Sydney's West (1987)	
	 Awarded the Sidney Luker Memorial Medal in 1990 by the Planning Institute of Australia for her contribution to urban and 	
	regional planning	
	 Awarded the National Trust of Australia's Gold Medal and was 	
	made an honorary life member in 1996	
1988	Kurrajong Heights : A Conservation Study of the Village Character	Yes v
Assessment by	Graham Edds, Conservation Architect, Richmond:	
Conservation	 Established conservation architect focussed on the Hawkesbury 	
Architect Graham	region and its architectural history for 40+ years	
Edds	Awarded Honorary Life Membership of the National Trust for his	
	contribution to the National Trust and regional history	
	• Active member of historical groups, committees and other	
	interested local heritage bodies including the Heritage Advisory	
	Committee of Hawkesbury City Council	
	Completed many reports and studies for Hawkesbury Council	
	relating to significant buildings within the LGA	

ALLAMBIE COTTAGES, KURRAJONG HEIGHTS Sheet 2b - Points of Agreement - Overview

Key Points	Details	Agreement
HLEP 2012 Listed	 Ref HLEP 2012 Ref 1987 Heritage Study Tropman, Proudfoot, Walker Ref Inclusion in HLEP 1984 Ref 1983-84 Heritage Study NSW Sector Sydney, for NSW Department of Environment & Planning, Howard Tanner & Associates and subsequent inclusion in HLEP Schedule 11 	Yes √
Integral Element of the Village	 1983-84 1987 Ref 1988 Study – <i>Kurrajong Heights, A Conservation Study of the Village Centre Management Plan</i>, prepared by Graham Edds Ref 2007 and 2011 Heritage NSW response to RTA demolition proposals Ref 2007 and 2022 Hawkesbury City Council demolition response Ref National Trust of Australia (NSW) 2022 demolition response. Ref SixMaps illustrating that 'Allambie' property and the building footprint, represents approximately 30% of the Kurrajong Heights current active village frontage, which would be a substantial loss. Ref Hawkesbury DCP 2013 Part E Specific Areas - Kurrajong Heights. The DCP states that "<i>this chapter of the Hawkesbury DCP has been prepared to conserve the character and heritage significance of Kurrajong Heights Village</i>" 	Yes √
Valued by the	• Ref 25+ public submissions regarding the 2022 DA to demolish	Yes √
Local Community	Ref considered detail and content of public submissions	Vezal
Section 170 Listed	 Ref date of inclusion – uncertain Ref 1977 Heritage Act Clauses 170 & 170A Ref 1986 Inclusion in Schedule 11 HLEP 1984 inventory sheet notes that the condition of Allambie at that time was "Fair". Under Department of Motor Transport ownership since 1984. Ref 1999 Heritage Regulation gazetted by Minister for Urban Affairs & Planning and Updated in 2012 	Yes √

Section 170 - 170A Responsibilities	Essential Maintenance & Repair (extract from 2012 Regulation) 118 (1)(a) the protection of the building, work or relic from damage or deterioration due to weather (including such matters as the weatherproofing of roof, doors and windows), 118 (1)(d) essential maintenance and repair (being maintenance and repair necessary to prevent serious or irreparable damage or deterioration	
	State Agency Heritage Guide Management of Heritage Assets by NSW Government Agencies Part 1: State-owned Heritage Management Principles Part 2: Horitage Asset Management Guidelines Image: Ima	
State Agency Asset Management Guidelines	 Ref 2004 State-Owned Heritage Management Principles published by NSW Heritage Council Ref 2005 State Agency Heritage Guide, published by NSW Heritage Council 	Yes √
Adequate Lot Size to Accommodate Relocation	<complex-block></complex-block>	Yes√
Ability to Relocate	 Ref Hawkesbury City Council's heritage advisor 2022 formal advice as follows: <i>"TfNSW should have engaged the following:</i> <i>A termite inspection company with appropriate heritage experience</i> <i>A termite inspection company with appropriate heritage experience</i> <i>A termite agineering company with appropriate heritage experience</i> <i>Heritage architects with appropriate experience to provide a detailed assessment of significant internal and external fabric that is capable of being retained and refurbished</i>" Ref D.J. Hall Consulting Civil and Structural Engineers inspection May 2001. Copy not available to review at this stage. Note "Barker Ryan Stewart 2022 report summarises that "the assessment found <i>that the structural defects in the building could be rectified"</i>. Ref Taylor and Herbert Structural Pty Ltd. inspection dated 17/08/2016 the following limitations regarding experience and extent of inspection are noted. The experience of the firm was not focussed 	

	on addressing heritage buildings. The firm has subsequently ceased	
	operation. The report noted the following:	
	• "some areas within the flats were not fully assessed" (p1)	
	 "externally it was not possible to view the front or western face of the buildings" (p1) 	
	• "it was not possible given the unsafe condition of the floor boards to determine	
	the extent of termite infestation" (p2)	
	• The key issues were that "there had been "no effective rainwater dispersal"	
	The conclusion indicates the lack of appreciation of heritage issues "any attempt at restoration would be prohibitive given the extent any new works	
	would involve a complete rebuild removing the heritage content" (p3)	
	• Ref Barker Ryan Stewart RFI 21/12/22 do not appear to have	
	prepared a structural report but have summarised the background,	
	responded to the public submissions and suggested 8 possible	
	options for consideration:	
	• Issue 3 p21 relates specifically to a submissions referring to "Demolition by	
	Neglect". The response only notes that the "The Allambie cottages have been in	
	a significant state of disrepair since the first heritage assessment and structural report in 2001/06 when the building had to be vacated". The only money	
	apparently spent by TfNSW according to the BRS response was that spent to	
	secure the building (ie fencing) not on the repairs apparently identified in the	
	2001 condition report.	
	 Options 1-8 were suggested for consideration. Option 2 is clearly the first approach TfNSW should have undertaken in 	
	Option 2 is clearly the first approach THVS w should have undertaken in response to their responsibilities under the NSW Heritage Act. This option was	
	dismissed by BRS on questionable grounds (i) cost (ii) future demolition and	
	(iii) inadequate security measures. It was misleading to suggest demolition was	
	the only outcome for Option 2.Options 3 and 4 are clearly the long-term objective and could subsequently be	
	considered having stabilised the building. Option 3 and 4 allow the possibility	
	of TfNSW road widening.	
Positive Aspects of	The following specifics of the buildings and the site are positive aspects	
Ability to Relocate	of a relocation:	
	• Conservation Philosophy. The ICOMOS Burra Charter refers to	
	 potential relocation of buildings. Ref Article 9 Location. Article 9.1 The physical location of a place is part of its cultural significance. 	
	• Article 9.1 The physical location of a place is part of its cultural significance. A building, work or other element of a place should remain in its historical	
	location. Relocation is generally unacceptable unless this is the sole practical	
	means of ensuring its survival.	
	 Article 9.3. If any building, work or other element is moved, it should be moved to an appropriate location and given an appropriate use. Such action 	
	should not be to the detriment of any place of cultural significance.	
	• Therefore in the instance of Allambie, if there is a need for relocation within	
	the lot the setting remains largely the same and the 3 cottages will still retain	
	a visual inter-relationship with less impact than relocation off-site.	
	• Materials of Construction 1. Timber buildings can be readily	
	relocated as compared to masonry buildings. A long history in Australia through the 19 th and 20 th centuries of moving and adapting	
	historic timber buildings. Lightweight, flexible, easily separated into	
	transportable sized units, easily 'stitched' back together.	
	 Materials of Construction 2. A traditional timber building structure 	
	• Materials of Construction 2. A traditional timber building structure with typical timber beams and joists familiar to builders and	
	experienced house movers	
	• Materials of Construction 3. Typical timber materials largely still available without need for special exotic timber or complex sizing	
	Building Configuration 1 Relative ease with 'Allambie' already divided in 2 major elements	
	divided in 3 major elements. Puilding Configuration 2. Timber buildings are raised off the ground	
	• Building Configuration 2. Timber buildings are raised off the ground allowing access to install temporary beams to support during the	
	allowing access to install temporary beams to support during the relocation.	
	• Building Configuration 3. If the building is setback on its lot prior to the need for road widening the space could be used as small public	
	green space maintained by TfNSW	
	Scon space manualled by 1110 m	

	 Site Configuration 1. Available space towards the north of the existing block. Site Configuration 2. The corner site allows for plant and equipment accessed from Douglass Street (not the busy Bell's Line of Road) Site Configuration 3. The sloping site to the north allows the plant and equipment to work from the rear, on the lower side, with greater clearance above ground level. Experience of Current Owner. TfNSW has a long history in NSW of successfully moving buildings associated with road widening ventures. <i>Recent examples of the need to relocate historic buildings in the region include the Great Western Highway widening in Lawson. A number of timber and weatherboard buildings were moved back from the highway to allow for road widenings. Ref indicative photographs below illustrating an example of a timber residence being relocated approx 20m away from the GWH:</i> 	
	GWH, Lawson 2008 GWH, Lawson 2010	
Existing Condition	The ONLY major issue currently prohibiting the relocation of 'Allambie' is the uncertainty regarding the condition of the timber structure. If the building was still in "fair" condition, as it appears to have been at the time of transfer of ownership in 1984 to TfNSW, then relocation approximately 10m to the north would be an immediate possibility. However, the Baker Ryan Stewart 2022 OPTION 3 can resolve this issue.	

ALLAMBIE COTTAGES, KURRAJONG HEIGHTS Sheet 3 - Possible Next Steps

NEXT STEPS	A – Urgent (1-2 months)	
	Step 1 repair the timber structure in situ. TfNSW to undertake	
	immediate measures to urgently stabilise the buildings and halt the	
	deterioration	
	1. Detailed termite inspection from a company with appropriate heritage	
	experience	
	2. Detailed structural engineering assessment by an appropriately	
	heritage experienced structural engineer	
	3. Detailed fabric assessment of internal and external fabric by heritage	
	architects with appropriate experience	
	4. Prepare a comprehensive CMP or a thorough Heritage Strategy Action	
	Plan to guide the repairs, maintenance and future restoration. The	
	CMP to include provision for consideration of strategies to address	
	future road widening responses.	
	5. Detailed documentation to repair of structural timberwork and building gradene. The extent of the repairs and maintenance to be	
	building envelope. The extent of the repairs and maintenance to be guided by the principles required by the Heritage Regulation 2012.	
	6. Comprehensive repair external envelope sufficient to keep the weather	
	out of the building (ie roof sheeting, gutters downpipes and missing	
	weatherboards through an experienced heritage builder)	
	B – Short-Term (2-12 months)	
	Step 2 maintain the building and find a viable use in situ. A working	
	group of the key stakeholders to be established. Options considered	
	could include retention of the property by TfNSW as landlord or	
	dedication to Council or Community.	
	7. <i>TfNSW, Hawkesbury City Council and Kurrajong Heights community</i>	
	to form a working partnership to find a viable and appropriate use for	
	Allambie Cottages on the understanding that at some future date there	
	may be need for some road widening.	
	8. The working group to work in a collaborative way to source funding to	
	restore, adapt and re-occupy the buildings as active partners in the	
	project. This may involve support for creative grant applications to,	
	say, Local, State and Regional development programs and/or sourcing	
	interested local businesses and investors.	
	9. Options developed for viable uses and their appropriateness for the	
	building, the precinct and the Hawkesbury evaluated.	
	10. Council and the Community to source funding for the adaptive reuse of	
	the Cottages and source appropriate lease(s) for the cottages. The CMP to guide the adaptive reuse.	
	11. If funding is not sourced, options could then include (i) maintain but	
	mothball the building to halt deterioration (ii) relocate the building	
	10m to the rear and continue sourcing funding and / or (iii) relocate	
	the building 10m to the rear and TfNSW sell the property and retain the	
	SP2 Zoned portion. The longer-term care and maintenance by 'a	
	private owner or a community group would be safely guided by the	
	CMP	
	C - Long-Term (5-10+ years)	
	Step 3 await need, or not, of future road widening.	
	12. In the event that future road widening is unavoidable, the Cottages	
	would be relocated in line with the CMP recommendations to the	
	available space at the rear of the property. The leaseholder at that time	
	would continue use of the buildings.	